

## **Department of clinical and Laboratory Medicine**

BS/FT140

Rev 2

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## **Guidance on Requirement for Irradiated Blood**

The following patients need irradiated blood components:

- 1. Patients treated with purine analogue drugs should receiv irradiated components indefinitely (treatment for haematological malignancies: AML, CLL, HCL, HL). Fludarabine, Cladribine Deoxycoformicin (Pentostatin)
- 2. For other purine antagonists and new related agents: Bendamustine (treatment of CLL), Clofarabine (treatment of ALL)
- 3. Irradiated blood components should be used after alemtuzumab (anti-CD52) therapy (MabCampeth)
- 4. Aplastic anaemia patients receiving immunosuppressive therapy with ATG (antithymocyte globulin) [and/or alemtuzubmab].
- 5. All adults and children with Hodgkin Lymphoma at any stage of the disease.
- 6. All patients undergoing autologous bone marrow transplant or peripheral blood stem cell transplant
- 7. Patients undergoing bone marrow or peripheral blood stem cell 'harvesting' for future autologous re-infusion.
- 8. All recipients of allogenic haemopoietic stem cell transplantation (SCT).
- All severe T lymphocyte immunodeficiency syndromes should be considered as indications for irradiation of cellular blood components (Di George Syndrome, CHARGE syndrome).
- 10. Red cells / platelets transfused in utero to treat alloimmune thrombocytopenia
- 11. All blood for intrauterine transfusion (IUT), neonatal exchange transfusion (ET), if there has been a previous IUT or if the donation comes from a first or second degree relative.
- 12. All donations from first or second degree relatives.